## **Appendix 1:** Questionnaire of dynamic changes of childrens' abilities.

## A. Questionnaire of Dynamic Changes of Childrens' Abilities

Score: Extremely severe (0-3.99); Severe (4-6.99); Major difficulties (7-9.99); Some difficulties (10-12.99); Close to norm/average (13-15.99); Norm (16-20)

1. Sensory-motor integration  1) Sensory perception/behavior:    Tactile   Visual     Auditory   Vestibular     Taste, smell (olfactory)  2) Motor milestones - Child can:   Crawl on belly     Crawl on fours     Sit on chair at desk/table     Roll over   Sit on knees     Stand   Walk     Run   Jump     Climb  3) Postural control     Head righting     Spine control  4) Movements are coordinated (programming and control):   Goal and direction oriented     Harmonious and smooth     Flexible   Speed control	4. Self-awareness  1) □ Knows self well (name, gender, age, place in family structure)  2) □ Understands school, social structures  3) □ Self-awareness corresponds to age and developmental norm  4) □ Is in state of 'presence'  5) □ Presents self to others well  6) □ Knows their home address and TN  7) □ Knows their family structure well  8) □ Knows their family structure well  9) □ Can control self in critical situations  10) □ Goal oriented for their own personality development  5. Sociability/interaction  1) Ability to interact and communicate at home with −  □ parents □ grandparents □ siblings  2) Ability to interact and communicate at school and elsewhere −  □ with teacher □ peers □ others	8. Speech and language  1) □ Overall language corresponds to age and developmental norm  2) □ Age appropriate receptive language  3) □ Age appropriate expressive language  4) □ Age appropriate conversation  5) □ Age appropriate vocabulary  6) □ Age appropriate voice regulation  7) □ Age appropriate voice regulation  8) □ Learns language easily  9) □ Comprehension  10) □ Coordinates of language with gestures and movements  9. Cognitive processing and learning  1) Ability to selectively perceive —  □ visual □ auditory  □ tactile □ proprioceptive-vestibular  2) □ Focusing (overall ability, timing, depth)  3) □ Widens attention span
Strength applied appropriately    Cogniscient of own body parts   Cooperative for sensory system activation     Cooperative with physical activity and exercises     Control of behavior at:   School with teacher     School with classmates   Home with parents     Home with siblings   At play ground     With people not known     Learns for positive habits easily     Polite and listens to others easily     Always has a suitably matured	3) ☐ Communicates with new people 4) ☐ Communicates with groups 5) ☐ Motivation for recognition and interaction with others 6) ☐ Ability to lead conversations 7) ☐ Ability to listen, follows instructions 8) ☐ Forms attachments/bonding 9) ☐ Empathy/sympathy towards others 6. Stress vulnerability and trauma resilience 1) ☐ Senses (vision, touch, auditory) serve well in stress 2) ☐ Breathing serves well in stress 3) ☐ Digestive system works normally in stress 4) ☐ Can still focus in stress 5) ☐ Ability to communicate in stress 6) ☐ Freezing response works normally in stress	4) Memory — visual auditory visual auditory tactile proprioceptive-motor memorizing forgetting/losing information  5) Thinking processes include — auditory analysis cause-reasoning thinking prouping/synthesizing abstract thinking critical thinking critical thinking creativity  1) Uses imagination in — learning creativity  2) Spontaneity of thinking processes and speech  8) Space-time orientation in learning process  9) Easy learner
opinion  3) Behavior at critical times:  conflict growth challenges  4) Ability to imitate  5) Positive self-expression  6) Abile to give positive self-protection  3. Emotional regulation  1) Appropriate emotional expression  2) Expresses emotions appropriate to internal state and situation  3) Enthusiastic and happy  4) Can sympathize/empathize  5) Can be happy for others  6) Controls emotions easily  7) Can talk about own emotions	7) Fight or flight response works normally in stress  8) Sleep pattern works properly in stress  9) Emotional strength normal in stress  10) Still enthusiastic while in stress  7. Physical health  1) Overall health  2) Has physical strength in begs/feet  3) Immune system  4) Breathing  5) Digestion  6) Eyes cars  7) Sensory tolerance (sounds, light, touch)  8) Good stress resilience  9) Toilet control  10) Good equilibrium motor coordi-	10. Motivation for achievement and learning  1) □ Curious, seeks new information, activities  2) □ Interest in toys corresponds to age  3) Motivation for books - □ to read by self □ to listen when others read  4) □ Likes movies  5) □ Likes computer games, etc.  6) □ Has goals and enjoys achieving  7) □ Fast learner  8) □ Mature motivation for cognition  9) □ Is easily and enthusiastically motivated to learn  10) □ Able to regulate own motivation

nation

**Appendix 2:** The MNRI<sup>®</sup> Programs used at intensive Family Conference Reflex Integration Training for Children with Challenges.

Session Title	Objectives	
Neuro-structural reflex integration	Improved postural control of spine, abdomen, and neck musculature	
	tone regulation in response to external stimuli.	
Neuro-Tactile integration	Improved regulation of tactile sensation, coordination and integration of	
	peripheral and central nervous system.	
Dynamic and postural reflex re-	Improved integration of the neurosensory and motor reflex circuits that	
patterning	influence motor and cognitive skills.	
Visual and auditory and oral-motor	Improved focusing (convergence), eye tracking, auditory functions, and	
reflex integration	oral speech motor abilities.	
Proprioceptive and vestibular skills	Improved proprioceptive-vestibular (balance) system-related reflexes	
development and lifelong reflex	for improved postural and motor control, with secondary improvement	
integration	in cognition.	
Archetype movement integration	Enhances the development of learned motor skills and postural control,	
	with secondary improvement in cognition.	